Global Platform®

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CRA for Device Makers

Applicability for Components, Devices, and Systems

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Agenda

- What's the CRA
- CRA Principles
- CRA Conformance
- CRA & Automotive
- Key takeaways

What is the Cyber Resilience Act (CRA)

Scope: Europe

Goal: "*To harmonise cybersecurity requirements for products with digital elements in all Member States*"

Horizontal regulation, touching:

- RED
- NIS2 for critical infrastructure
- AI Act for AI
- eIDAS for wallets/eIDs
- GDPR for data protection
- Liability Act
- Safety Act
- Machinery Directive
- Cybersecurity Act

Mandatory for CE mark from December 2027:

Access to the EU market

Penalties:

For non-complying essential requirements, it can amount to **€15 million or 2.5% of the annual turnover**, whichever is higher.

Applicability

Finished products with digital elements (SW/HW), **except products that have an existing European regulation in place:**

- Ground Transportation
- Air transportation
- Medical for human and in-vitro diagnostic

Commercial Software

HW/SW subcomponents, including MCUs, MPUs, Crypto Processors and Secure Elements used in **ANY** application, including those above

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It applies to every “connected” vertical and application
(minus medical & automotive systems and vehicles)

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User guidance
Secure technology and processes

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Secure supply chains,
Beyond secure products, secure suppliers

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Trust, and verify
Different conformance mechanisms for products based on impact

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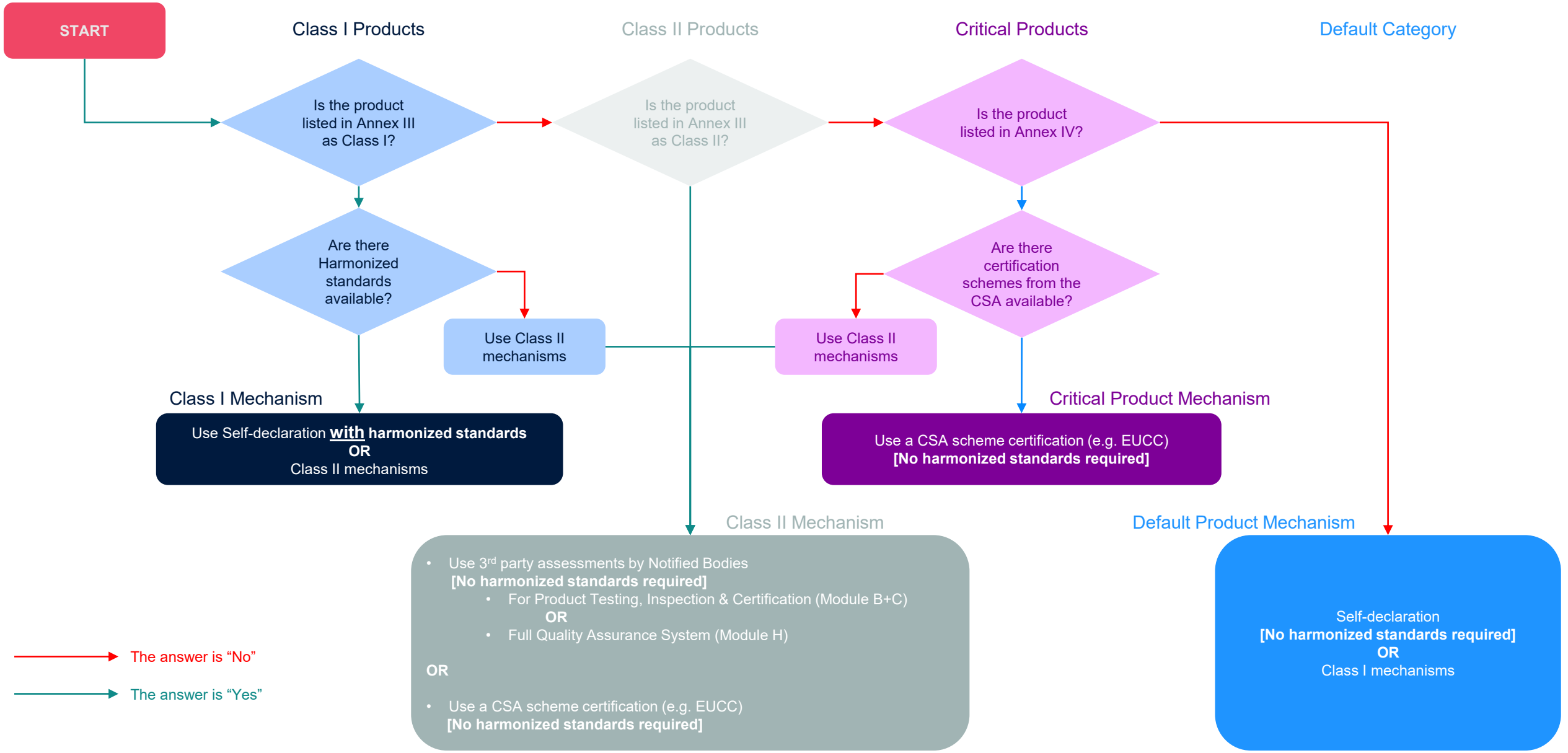
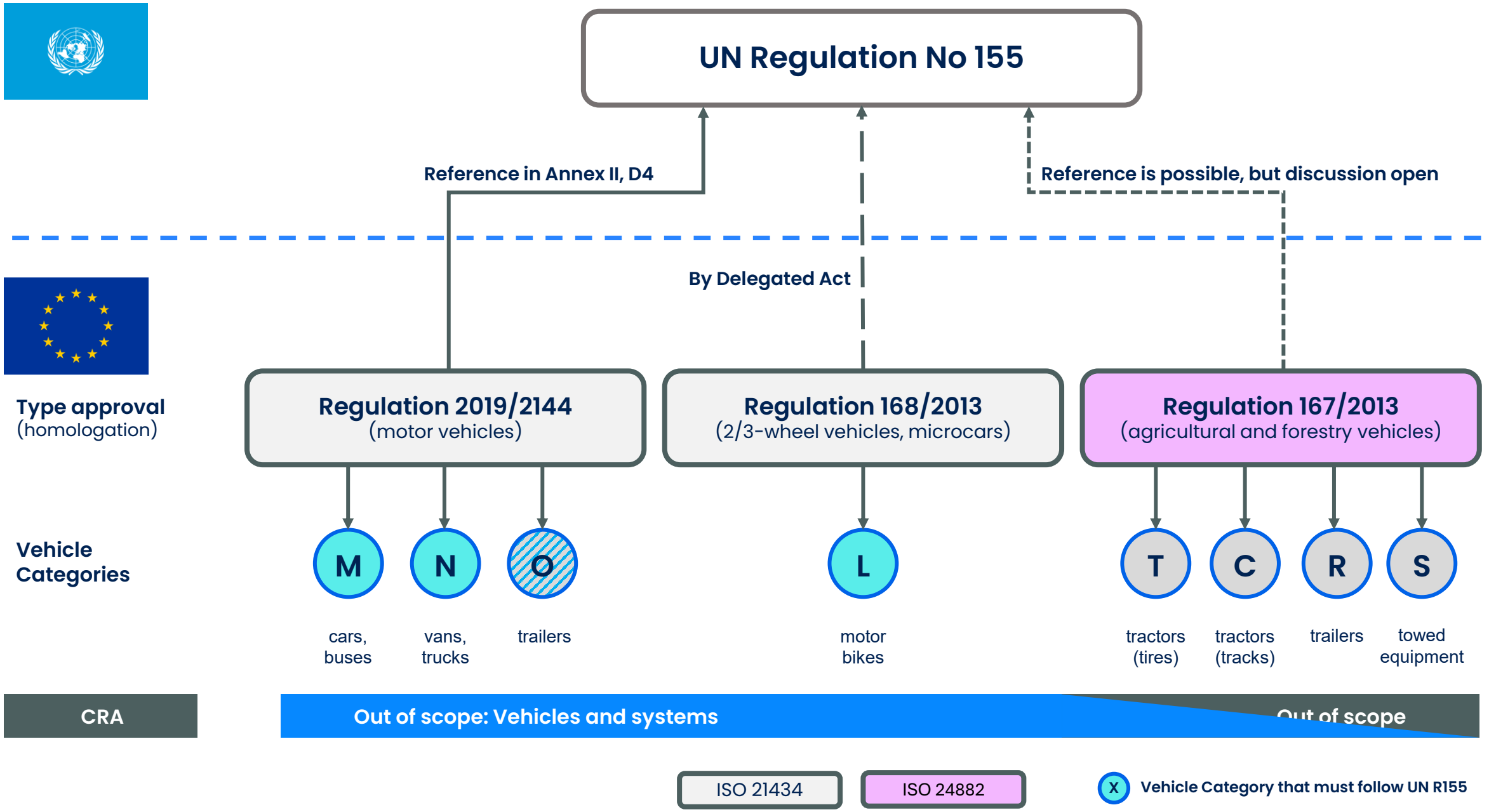
CRA Conformance mechanisms




UN Regulation No 155
Reference in Annex II, D4
Reference is possible, but discussion open
By Delegated Act
Type approval
(homologation)
Regulation 2019/2144
(motor vehicles)
Regulation 168/2013
(2/3-wheel vehicles, microcars)
Regulation 167/2013
(agricultural and forestry vehicles)
Vehicle Categories
M
N
O
L
T
C
R
S
cars, buses
vans, trucks
trailers
motor bikes
tractors (tires)
tractors (tracks)
trailers
towed equipment
CRA
Out of scope: Vehicles and systems
Out of scope
ISO 21434
ISO 24882
X
Vehicle Category that must follow UN R155

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The most important element from the CRA:
If there is something you need to remember…

- The CRA doesn't mandate compulsory or mandatory functionality
- Manufacturers "own" the risk, the obligation to mitigate the risk, and communicate it to the users
- The conformance Classes only represent the conformance mechanisms: there is no basic, minimum, or entry-level security, even in the default category
- The essential requirements are the baseline that needs to be addressed. It doesn't mean it needs to be implemented
  - What and how is implemented is up to the manufacturer but always, always, always: **risk-based (documented) decisions**

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The standard for secure digital services and devices

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